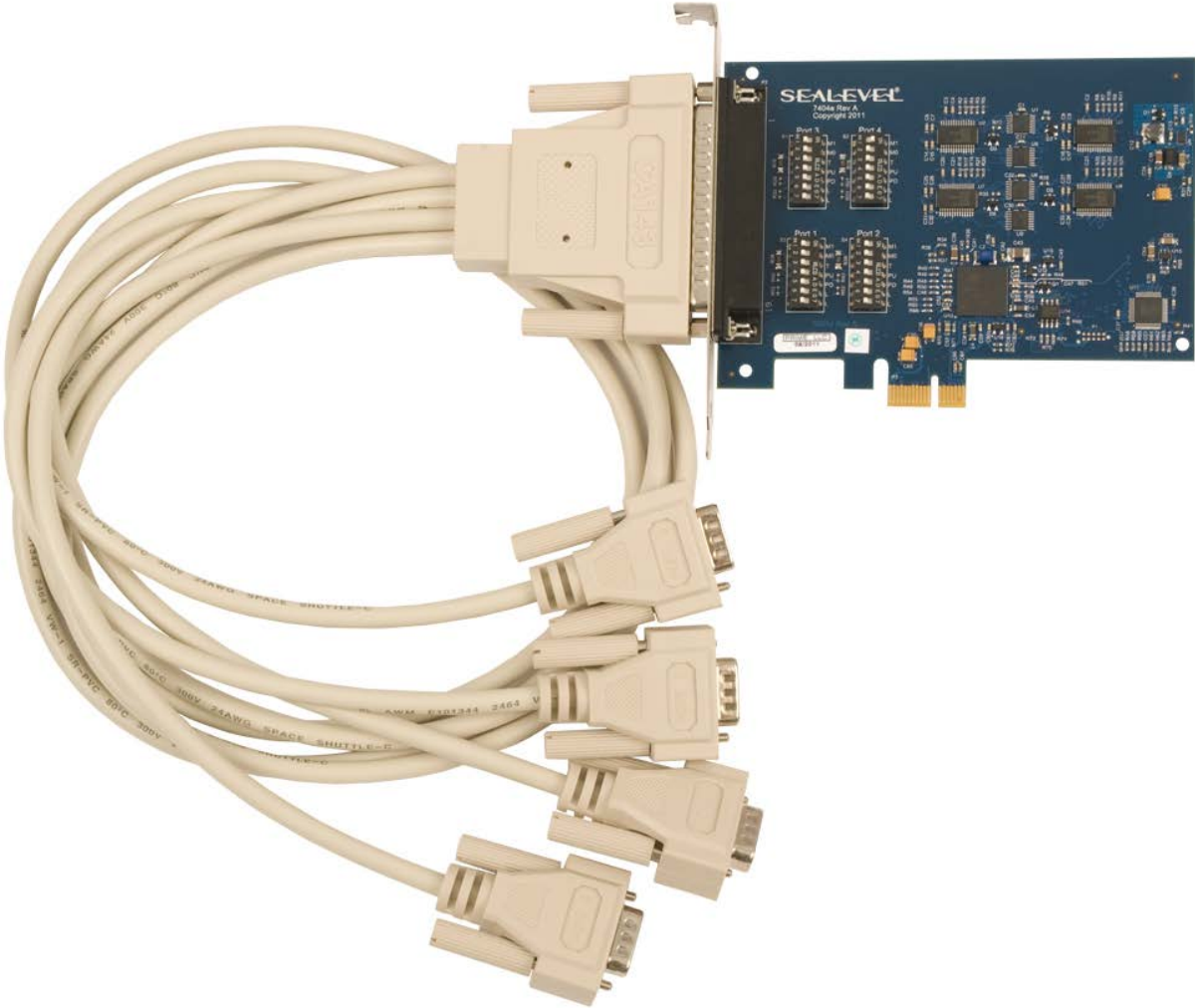


# SEALEVEL®

## UltraCOMM+4.PCIe

User Manual



Item# 7404e

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# Introduction

The Sealevel Ultra COMM+4.PCIe is an four channel RS-232/485/422 PCI express Bus serial I/O adapter supporting data rates up to 921.6Kbps.

The RS-232 compatibility allows for connection to devices utilizing the RS-232 electrical interface, such as modems, data-entry terminals, and plotters.

RS-422 provides excellent communications for long distance device connections up to 4000ft., where noise immunity and high data integrity are essential.

RS-485 is optimized for 'Multi-Drop' or 'Party-line' operations selecting data from multiple peripherals (as many as 31 devices can be connected on an RS-485 bus).

In RS-485 mode, our special auto-enable feature allows the RS-485 ports to be viewed by the operating system as a COM: port. This allows the software application to utilize the serial port for RS-485 communication without the need to control the direction of data between the master and slave device. Our on-board hardware automatically handles the RS-485 driver enable.

The Ultra COMM+4.PCIe will operate on x1, x4, x8 or x16 PCIe Bus slots.

## Features

- Each port individually configurable for RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485
- 16C954 buffered UARTs with 128-byte FIFOs
- Oscillator and clock prescaler support wide range of baud rates
- Supports 9-bit protocol framing
- Each port supports data rates to 921.6K bps
- RS-485 line termination, pull-up and pull-down resistors for each port are selectable via dipswitch
- RS-485 ECHO can be enabled/disabled via dipswitch
- PCI Express x1 compliant
- Compatible with all standard size PCI Express slots
- All modem control signals implemented in RS-232 mode
- Automatic RS-485 enable/disable in hardware
- Included 36" cable terminates to four DB9M connectors (Item# CA143)



# Before You Get Started

## What's Included

The Ultra COMM+4.PCIe is shipped with the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact Sealevel for replacement.

- Ultra COMM+4.PCIe Serial I/O Adapter
- CA143 - DB37 Female to (4) DB9 Male, 36" in length cable
- Sealevel Software CD

## Advisory Conventions



**Warning** - The highest level of importance used to stress a condition where damage could result to the product or the user could suffer serious injury.



**Important** - The middle level of importance used to highlight information that might not seem obvious or a situation that could cause the product to fail.



**Note** - The lowest level of importance used to provide background information, additional tips, or other non-critical facts that will not affect the use of the product.

## Optional Items

Depending upon your application, you are likely to find one or more of the following items useful with the Ultra COMM+4.PCIe. All items can be purchased from our website ([www.sealevel.com](http://www.sealevel.com)) by calling our sales team at (864) 843-4343.

DB9 to DB25 Serial Cable (Item# CA176)	
DB9 Female (RS-422) to DB25 Male (RS-530) Cable, 10 in Length	
Terminal Block Kit (Item# KT106)	
Terminal Block Kit - TB06 + (2) CA127 Cables	
Terminal Block Kit (Item# KT105)	
Terminal Block Kit - TB05 + CA127 Cable	
Terminal Block Kit (Item# TB34-4)	
Terminal Block Kit (4 Pack) - DB9 Female to 5 Screw Terminals (RS-422/485)	

# Card Setup

## Address and IRQ selection

The Ultra COMM+4.PCIe is automatically assigned I/O addresses and IRQs by your motherboard BIOS or by a 'Plug-n-Play' Operating System. Adding or removing other hardware or moving the adapter to another slot may change the assignment of I/O addresses and IRQs.

## Clock Modes

The Ultra COMM+4.PCIe derives a 62.5MHz clock from the PCI express link which is divided by a 8 bit clock prescaler and a 16 bit clock divisor to provide a wide range of possible baud rates. Note that there are many combinations that can give the same result (e.g. Prescaler=1 and Divisor = 8, Prescaler =2 and Divisor = 4, or Prescaler=8 and Divisor = 1). As long as the calculated data rate is within +/- 2% you should communicate fine.

## Baud Rates

The following table shows some common data rates and the rates you should choose to achieve them when using the ULTRA COMM+4.PCIe

For This Data Rate	Clock Prescaler	Choose This Divisor DLM:DLL
1200 bps	1	3255
2400 bps	1.625	1001
4800 bps	1.750	465
9600 bps	1.875	217
19.2K bps	1.5	136
38.4K bps	1.75	588
57.6K bps	1.825	37
115.2K bps	1.875	18
230.4K bps	1	17
460.8K bps	2.125	4
921.6K bps	2.125	2

## Electrical Interface Selection

Each of the four ports on the ULTRA COMM+4.PCIe can be individually configured as an RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 interface. This is selectable via the port DIP-switch, each is labeled with its port number.

Switch 1 (Silk M1)	Switch 2 (Silk M0)	Mode Select
OFF	OFF	232
OFF	ON	422
ON	OFF	485 With Echo
ON	ON	485 No Echo

## Line Termination

Typically, each end of the RS-485 bus must have line-terminating resistors (RS-422 terminates at the receive end only). A 120-ohm resistor is across each RS-422/485 input in addition to a 1K-ohm pull-up/pull-down combination that biases the receiver inputs. Each switch allows customization of this interface to specific requirements. Each switch position corresponds to a specific portion of the interface. If multiple Ultra COMM+4.PCIe adapters are configured in an RS-485 network, only the boards on each end should have switches T, P & P ON. Refer to the following table for each position's operation:

Switch	Name	Function
3	T	Adds or removes the 120 ohm termination.
4	PU	Adds or removes the 1K ohm pull-up resistor in the RS-422/RS-485 receiver circuit
5	PD	Adds or removes the 1K ohm pull-down resistor in the RS-422/RS-485 receiver circuit
6	L	Connects the TX- to RX- for RS-485 two-wire operation.
7	L	Connects the TX+ to RX+ for RS-485 two-wire operation.

## RS-485 'Echo'

The RS-485 'Echo' is the result of connecting the receiver inputs to the transmitter outputs. Every time a character is transmitted; it is also received. This can be beneficial if the software can handle echoing (i.e. using received characters to throttle the transmitter) or it can confuse the system if the software does not. An RS-485 'No Echo' option is selected by placing both Mode switches (M0, M1) in the 'On' position.



Figure 1 - RS-232 Mode

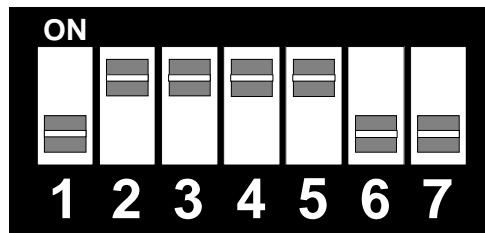


Figure 2 - RS-422 Mode

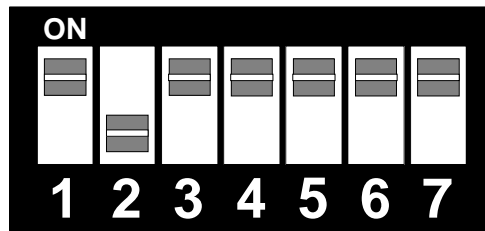


Figure 3 - RS-485 two-wire with 'Echo'

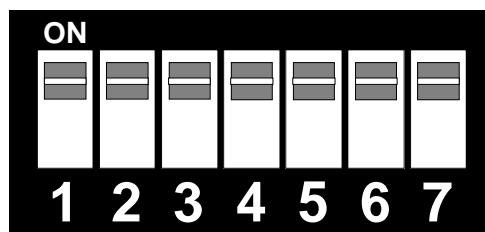


Figure 4 - RS-485 two-wire No 'Echo'



# Software Installation

This section contains helpful information pertaining to the installation of supported Sealevel Systems, Inc. software packages. First, the process of acquiring the software is discussed. Next, the installation is detailed in a step-by-step guide for Windows and Linux operating systems.

## Where to Get Sealevel Software

All Sealevel products are shipped with media containing the installers for each software package available. If the media is otherwise unavailable or if desired, the current versions of Sealevel software packages can be obtained from the Sealevel website (see following instructions). If you already have the Sealevel software, proceed to the Windows or Linux installation section.

- Sealevel software for Windows and Linux operating systems is available at these links:
  - [Software for Windows](#)
  - [Software for Linux](#)
- Choose the link for the desired software package and click on the 'Download File' link to download the current driver.
- Proceed to the Manual Software Installation guide for your operating system.

## Windows Installation



Do not connect the hardware until the software has been successfully installed.



To install Sealevel software, you must log in as an administrator or have administrator privileges in Windows.

## Guided Software Installation

1. Insert the Sealevel media into your PC.
2. If the 'AutoRun' feature is enabled for this media the software will automatically launch.
3. Otherwise, navigate to the root directory of the media and double-click the 'autorun.exe' application to launch the installation window.
4. Select 'Install' as demonstrated in the image below.



5. Type the part number for your adapter in the text box and press the 'Enter' key, or click on the drop box to scroll from the listing to select your product.



If you installed your hardware prior to loading/installing the software, please click on the 'Click here if you installed hardware before software' link and follow the listed instructions.

6. Click the 'Install Drivers' button to launch the Installation Wizard.
7. When the InstallShield Wizard' window appears, click the 'Next' button to initiate the software installation.
8. When the 'License Agreement' window appears, accept the terms and click 'Next' to continue. You can click the 'Print' button to print out a copy of the agreement for your records. If you do not accept the terms of the agreement, the installation will stop.
9. When the 'Ready to Install the Program' window appears, click the 'Install' button to install the software onto the hard drive of your computer. The files will be automatically installed into the 'C:\Program Files' folder on your computer. Some versions of Windows will halt the installation and provide you with a dialog box which will ask you for permission for the installer to make changes to your

computer. Click on the 'Allow' button to continue installation of your Sealevel software.

10. The following dialog box may appear, as shown below. Click the 'OK' button to continue.



- N** All Sealevel Systems software drivers have been fully tested by Sealevel. Clicking 'OK' will not harm your system.

11. The following dialog box may appear, as shown below. Click the 'OK' button to continue.



- N** This is a notification that if you are upgrading from a previous driver version, you should remove the associated Device Manager hardware entries and reinstall the adapter after the installing the SeaCOM software.

12. The setup file will automatically detect the operating environment and install the proper components. Next follow the information presented on the screens that follow. Once the installation is complete, close the disk installation window.
13. Refer to the Physical Installation section to connect and install your adapter.

## Manual Software Installation

1. To install a software package from the Sealevel media, browse the Sealevel Systems media 'Software' directory. For example: Software\SeaCOM\Windows\SeaCOM Installer.exe
2. If you are using Windows Vista or newer operating systems, right click on the installer executable and choose 'Run as Administrator'. If you are using an operating system prior to Windows Vista, double click on the executable to launch the InstallShield and initiate the driver installation.
3. Please refer to step six above in the Guided Software Installation section and follow the remaining installation steps.

## Upgrading to the Current SeaCOM Driver

1. Download the current driver using the Instructions from the Where to Get Software section above. Please take note of the destination directory it will save to.
2. Uninstall the currently loaded driver SeaCOM driver found in the Control Panel. Prior to Windows Vista SeaCOM will be populated in 'Add/Remove Programs' list. In Vista and newer OSs it will be found in the 'Programs and Features' list.
3. Navigate to the Device Manager and remove the Sealevel adapter by right clicking on the line item choosing 'Uninstall'. Depending on your product, it can be found under either 'Multiport Serial adapters' or 'Universal Serial Bus controllers'.
4. Single port ISA cards and PCMCIA cards will need to be uninstalled under 'Ports (COM & LPT)'.
5. In the Device Manager under 'Action', choose 'Scan for Hardware changes'. This will prompt the installation of the adapter and associate it with the newly installed SeaCOM driver.

## Linux Support

The 7404e is supported natively in Linux kernels 2.6.28 and later.

# Technical Description

The Ultra COMM+4.PCIe provides four RS-232/422/485 ports from a single PCIe slot.

The Ultra COMM+4.PCIe utilizes the 16C950 type UART. This chip features programmable baud rates, data format, interrupt control and industry leading 128-byte transmit and receive FIFOs.

The UARTs are register compatible with 16C450, 16C550, 16C654 and 16C750 UARTs. The FIFO depth can be changed to match the depth of these UARTs.

## RS-422/485 (CA-143 DB-9) Connector Pin Assignments

Signal	Name	Pin #	Mode
GND	Ground	5	
TX +	Transmit Data Positive	4	Output
TX-	Transmit Data Negative	3	Output
RTS+	Request To Send Positive	6	Output
RTS-	Request To Send Negative	7	Output
RX+	Receive Data Positive	1	Input
RX-	Receive Data Negative	2	Input
CTS+	Clear To Send Positive	9	Input
CTS-	Clear To Send Negative	8	Input

## RS-232 (CA-143 DB-9) Connector Pin Assignments

Signal	Name	Pin #	Mode
GND	Ground	5	
TD	Transmit Data	3	Output
RTS	Request To Send	7	Output
DTR	Data Terminal Ready	4	Output
RD	Receive Data	2	Input
CTS	Clear To Send	8	Input
DSR	Data Set Ready	6	Input
DCD	Data Carrier Detect	1	Input
RI	Ring Indicator	9	Input



Please terminate any control signals that are not going to be used. The most common way to do this is connect RTS to CTS and RI. Also, connect DCD to DTR and DSR. Terminating these pins, if not used, will help ensure you get the best performance from your adapter.

## RS-232/422/485 (DB-37)

Port #		1	2	3	4
RS-422/485	RS-232				
TX-	TD	35	12	26	3
RX-	RD	36	11	27	2
RTS-	RTS	17	30	8	21
CTS-	CTS	16	31	7	22
TX+	DTR	34	13	25	4
RTS+	DSR	18	29	9	20
RX+	DCD	37	10	28	1
CTS+	RI	15	32	6	23
GND	GND	33	14	24	5



The RTS output is only available in RS-232 and RS-422 modes. The RTS output is tri-stated in RS-485 mode and therefore unusable. The CTS input is available in all modes.



# Specifications

## Environmental Specifications

Specification	Operating	Storage
Temperature Range	0° to 70° C (32° to 158° F)	-50° to 105° C (-58° to 221° F)
Humidity Range	10 to 90% R.H. Non-Condensing	10 to 90% R.H. Non-Condensing

## Manufacturing

All Sealevel Systems Printed Circuit boards are built to UL 94V0 rating and are 100% electrically tested. These printed circuit boards are solder mask over bare copper.

## Power Consumption

Supply line	+3.3VDC	+12VDC
Rating	100 mA	25 mA

## Physical Dimensions

Board length	4.875 inches (12.38 cm.)
Board Height including Goldfingers	3.677 inches (9.34 cm.)
Board Height excluding Goldfingers	3.175 inches (8.06 cm.)

# Appendix A - Troubleshooting

1. Identify all I/O adapters currently installed in your system. This includes your on-board serial ports, controller cards, sound cards etc. The I/O addresses used by these adapters, as well as the IRQ (if any) should be identified.
2. Configure your Sealevel Systems adapter so that there is no conflict with currently installed adapters. No two adapters can occupy the same I/O address.
3. Make sure the Sealevel Systems adapter is using a unique IRQ. While the Sealevel Systems adapter does allow the sharing of IRQs, many other adapters (i.e. SCSI adapters & on-board serial ports) do not. The IRQ is typically selected by the BIOS or operating system. Some BIOS setup software will allow changing the IRQ, but others do not. Another method of changing assigned resources is to try changing PCIe slots. This will typically cause the BIOS or OS to reassign the resources.
4. Make sure the Sealevel Systems adapter is securely installed in a motherboard slot.
5. When running DOS\*\* or Windows 3.x\*\* refer to the supplied Sealevel Software and this User Manual to verify that the Sealevel Systems adapter is configured correctly. This software contains a diagnostic program 'SSD' (D:\software\seacom\Other\DOS\DIAG, where D: = the driver letter of your CDROM drive) will verify if an adapter is configured properly. This diagnostic program is written with the user in mind and is easy to use. You can use D:\software\seacom\Other\DOS\PCI\FindPCI.exe to determine resources that have been assigned to your adapter. Make sure that if available, the 'Use Plug-n-Play' option is turned 'OFF' in your BIOS. Having this option set to 'ON' in DOS or Windows 3.x will cause erratic operations.
6. For Windows95/98/ME/NT/2000/XP/Vista/7, the diagnostic tool 'WinSSD' is installed in the SeaCOM folder on the Start Menu during the setup process. First find the ports using the Device Manager, then use 'WinSSD' to verify that the ports are functional.
7. Always use the Sealevel Systems diagnostic software when troubleshooting a problem. This will eliminate any software issues from the equation.

# Appendix B - Handling Instructions

## ESD Warnings

### Electrostatic Discharges (ESD)

- A sudden electrostatic discharge can destroy sensitive components. Proper packaging and grounding rules must therefore be observed. Always take the following precautions: Transport boards and cards in electrostatically secure containers or bags.
- Keep electrostatically sensitive components in their containers, until they arrive at an electrostatically protected workplace.
- Only touch electrostatically sensitive components when you are properly grounded.
- Store electrostatically sensitive components in protective packaging or on anti-static mats.

## Grounding Methods

The following measures help to avoid electrostatic damages to the device:

- Cover workstations with approved antistatic material. Always wear a wrist strap connected to a properly grounded workplace.
- Use antistatic mats, heel straps, and/or air ionizers for more protection.
- Always handle electrostatically sensitive components by their edge or by their casing.
- Avoid contact with pins, leads, or circuitry.
- Turn off power and input signals before inserting and removing connectors or connecting test equipment.
- Keep work area free of non-conductive materials such as ordinary plastic assembly aids and Styrofoam.
- Use field service tools such as cutters, screwdrivers, and vacuum cleaners that are conductive.

# Appendix C - Electrical Interface

## RS-232

Quite possibly the most widely used communication standard is RS-232. This implementation has been defined and revised several times and is often referred to as RS-232-C/D/E or EIA/TIA-232-C/D/E. It is defined as “Interface between Data Terminal Equipment and Data Circuit-Terminating Equipment Employing Serial Binary Data Interchange”. The mechanical implementation of RS-232 is on a 25-pin D sub connector. The IBM PC computer defined the RS-232 port on a 9 pin D sub connector and subsequently the EIA/TIA approved this implementation as the EIA/TIA-574 standard. This standard has defined as the “9-Position Non-Synchronous Interface between Data Terminal Equipment and Data Circuit-Terminating Equipment Employing Serial Binary Data Interchange”. Both implementations are in wide spread use and will be referred to as RS-232 in this document. RS-232 is capable of operating at data rates up to 20K bps / 50 ft. The absolute maximum data rate may vary due to line conditions and cable lengths. RS-232 often operates at 38.4K bps over very short distances. The voltage levels defined by RS-232 range from -12 to +12 volts. RS-232 is a single ended or unbalanced interface, meaning that a single electrical signal is compared to a common signal (ground) to determine binary logic states. A voltage of +12 volts (usually +3 to +10 volts) represents a binary 0 (space) and -12 volts (-3 to -10 volts) denote a binary 1 (mark). The RS-232 and the EIA/TIA-574 specification define two types of interface circuits Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-Terminating Equipment (DCE). The Sealevel Systems Adapter is a DTE interface.

## RS-422

The RS-422 specification defines the electrical characteristics of balanced voltage digital interface circuits. RS-422 is a differential interface that defines voltage levels and driver/receiver electrical specifications. On a differential interface, logic levels are defined by the difference in voltage between a pair of outputs or inputs. In contrast, a single ended interface, for example RS-232, defines the logic levels as the difference in voltage between a single signal and a common ground connection. Differential interfaces are typically more immune to noise or voltage spikes that may occur on the communication lines. Differential interfaces also have greater drive capabilities that allow for longer cable lengths. RS-422 is rated up to 10 Megabits per second and can have cabling 4000 feet long. RS-422 also defines driver and receiver electrical characteristics that will allow 1 driver and up to 32 receivers on the line at once. RS-422 signal levels range from 0 to +5 volts. RS-422 does not define a physical connector.

## RS-485

RS-485 is backwardly compatible with RS-422; however, it is optimized for party line or multi-drop applications. The output of the RS-422/485 driver is capable of being Active (enabled) or Tri-State (disabled). This capability allows multiple ports to be connected in a multi-drop bus and selectively polled. RS-485 allows cable lengths up to 4000 feet and data rates up to 10 Megabits per second. The signal levels for RS-485 are the same as those defined by RS-422. RS-485 has electrical characteristics that allow for 32 drivers and 32 receivers to be connected to one line. This interface is ideal for multi-drop or network environments. RS-485 tri-state driver (not dual-state) will allow the electrical presence of the driver to be removed from the line. Only one driver may be active at a time and the other driver(s) must be tri-stated. RS-485 can be cabled in two ways, two wire and four wire mode. Two-wire mode does not allow

for full duplex communication, and requires that data be transferred in only one direction at a time. For half-duplex operation, the two transmit pins should be connected to the two receive pins (Tx+ to Rx+ and Tx- to Rx-). Four wire mode allows full duplex data transfers. RS-485 does not define a connector pin-out or a set of modem control signals. RS-485 does not define a physical connector.

# Appendix D - Asynchronous Communications

Serial data communications implies that individual bits of a character are transmitted consecutively to a receiver that assembles the bits back into a character. Data rate, error checking, handshaking, and character framing (start/stop bits) are pre-defined and must correspond at both the transmitting and receiving ends.

Asynchronous communications is the standard means of serial data communication for PC compatibles and PS/2 computers. The original PC was equipped with a communication or COM: port that was designed around an 8250 Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART). This device allows asynchronous serial data to be transferred through a simple and straightforward programming interface. A starting bit followed by a pre-defined number of data bits (5, 6, 7, or 8) defines character boundaries for asynchronous communications. The end of the character is defined by the transmission of a pre-defined number of stop bits (usually 1, 1.5 or 2). An extra bit used for error detection is often appended before the stop bits.

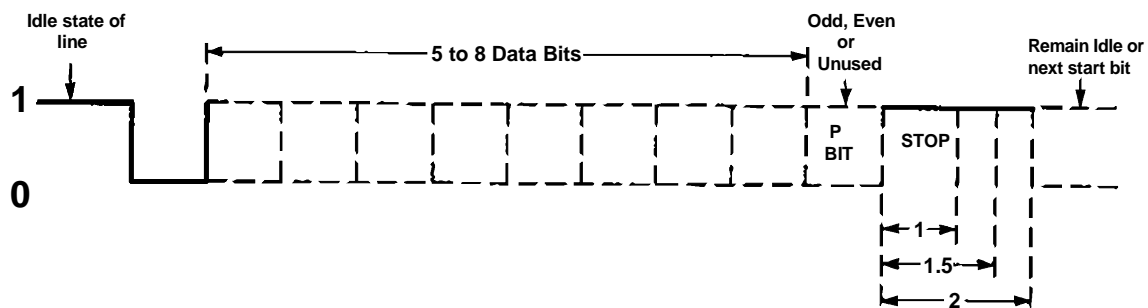
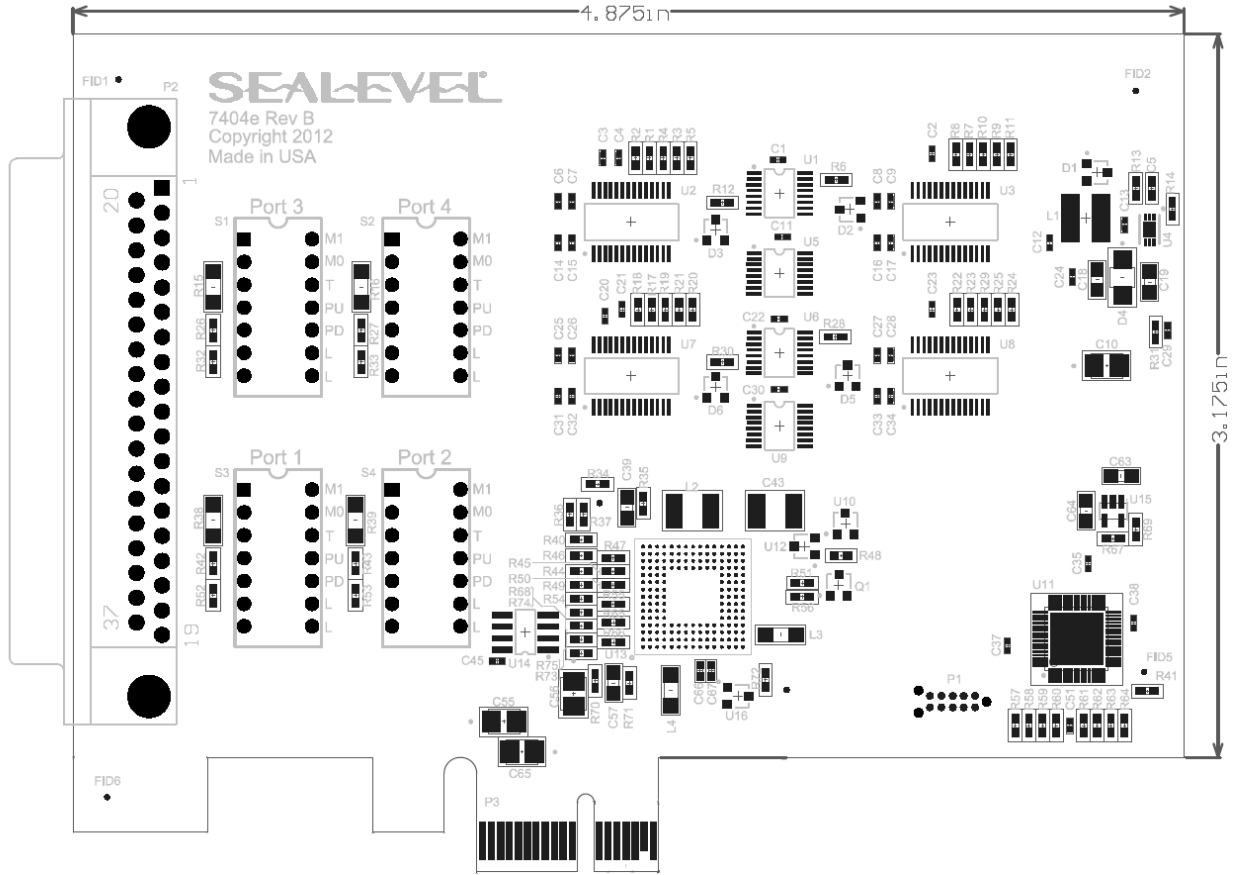


Figure 5 - Asynchronous Communications Bit Diagram

This special bit is called the parity bit. Parity is a simple method of determining if a data bit has been lost or corrupted during transmission. There are several methods for implementing a parity check to guard against data corruption. Common methods are called (E)ven Parity or (O)dd Parity. Sometimes parity is not used to detect errors on the data stream. This is referred to as (N)o parity. Because each bit in asynchronous communications is sent consecutively, it is easy to generalize asynchronous communications by stating that each character is wrapped (framed) by pre-defined bits to mark the beginning and end of the serial transmission of the character. The data rate and communication parameters for asynchronous communications have to be the same at both the transmitting and receiving ends. The communication parameters are baud rate, parity, number of data bits per character, and stop bits (i.e. 9600,N,8,1).

# Appendix E – Mechanical Drawing



# Warranty

Sealevel's commitment to providing the best I/O solutions is reflected in the Lifetime Warranty that is standard on all Sealevel manufactured I/O products. Relio™ industrial computers are warranted for a period of two years and the R9 family is warranted for a five year period from date of purchase. We are able to offer this warranty due to our control of manufacturing quality and the historically high reliability of our products in the field. Sealevel products are designed and manufactured at its Liberty, South Carolina facility, allowing direct control over product development, production, burn-in and testing. Sealevel achieved ISO-9001:2008 certification in 2011.

## Warranty Policy

Sealevel Systems, Inc. (hereafter "Sealevel") warrants that the Product shall conform to and perform in accordance with published technical specifications and shall be free of defects in materials and workmanship for the warranty period. In the event of failure, Sealevel will repair or replace the product at Sealevel's sole discretion. Failures resulting from misapplication or misuse of the Product, failure to adhere to any specifications or instructions, or failure resulting from neglect, abuse, accidents, or acts of nature are not covered under this warranty.

Warranty service may be obtained by delivering the Product to Sealevel and providing proof of purchase. Customer agrees to insure the Product or assume the risk of loss or damage in transit, to prepay shipping charges to Sealevel, and to use the original shipping container or equivalent. Warranty is valid only for original purchaser and is not transferable.

This warranty applies to Sealevel manufactured Product. Product purchased through Sealevel but manufactured by a third party will retain the original manufacturer's warranty.

## Non-Warranty Repair/Retest

Products returned due to damage or misuse and Products retested with no problem found are subject to repair/retest charges. A purchase order or credit card number and authorization must be provided in order to obtain an RMA (Return Merchandise Authorization) number prior to returning Product.

## How to obtain an RMA (Return Merchandise Authorization)

If you need to return a product for warranty or non-warranty repair, you must first obtain an RMA number. Please contact Sealevel Systems, Inc. Technical Support for assistance:

Available	Monday – Friday, 8:00AM to 5:00PM EST
Phone	864-843-4343
Email	<a href="mailto:support@sealevel.com">support@sealevel.com</a>

## Trademarks

Sealevel Systems, Incorporated acknowledges that all trademarks referenced in this manual are the service mark, trademark, or registered trademark of the respective company.



# Regulatory

## FCC STATEMENT



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

## EUROPEAN COMMUNITY



This equipment has been evaluated or tested and found in compliance with the requirements of the following directives issued by the European Commission:

- EMC Directive **2014/30/EU**
- RoHS Directive **2011/65/EU**